



193 A.D.3d 539, 142 N.Y.S.3d 357
(Mem.), 2021 N.Y. Slip Op. 02354

**1 Bankers Conseco Life Insurance
Company et al., Appellants,

v

Egan-Jones Ratings
Company, Respondent.

Supreme Court, Appellate Division,
First Department, New York
13186, 13186A, 2020-02393, 654289/19
April 20, 2021

CITE TITLE AS: Bankers Conseco
Life Ins. Co. v Egan-Jones Ratings Co.

HEADNOTE

Pleading

Sufficiency of Pleading

Fraud—Aiding and Abetting

Sills Cummins & Gross P.C, New York (Richard H. Epstein of counsel), for appellants.

London Fischer LLP, New York (Thomas A. Leghorn of counsel), for respondent.

Orders, Supreme Court, New York County (O. Peter Sherwood, J.), entered April 21, 2020, April 22, 2020, and May 13, 2020, which, insofar as appealed from as limited by the briefs, granted defendant Egan-Jones Ratings Company's motion to dismiss the first cause of action for aiding and abetting fraud in the initial complaint, unanimously reversed, on the law, the facts and in the exercise of discretion, with costs, the order vacated as moot, the amended complaint instituted as the operative pleading, and defendants' motion to dismiss the amended complaint denied.

Following oral argument on defendant's motion to dismiss the original complaint but prior to a decision on that motion, plaintiffs filed, as of right, a proposed amended complaint, which asserted a single cause of action for aiding and abetting fraud and added new factual allegations in support of that

claim. Rather than finding that the original complaint had been superseded and defendant's motion to dismiss was moot, the court, as requested by defendant, directed the parties to submit supplemental briefs addressing the amended complaint. The court then issued orders granting defendant's motion to dismiss the original complaint, without reference to the amended complaint or the supplemental briefs.

In the circumstances here, where the record on appeal of the final order permits consideration of a purely legal issue that has been fully briefed by the parties, in the interest of judicial economy, we exercise our discretion to institute the amended *540 complaint as the operative pleading, and consider defendant's motion to dismiss the amended complaint asserting the single claim for aiding and abetting fraud (see *Varo, Inc. v Alvis PLC*, 261 AD2d 262, 267 [1st Dept 1999], lv denied 95 NY2d 767 [2000]; see also *S & J Serv. Ctr. Inc. v Commerce Commercial Group, Inc.*, 178 AD3d 977 [2d Dept 2019]).

We find that the amended complaint adequately pleads the elements of aiding and abetting fraud by sufficiently alleging the existence of an underlying fraud, actual knowledge, and substantial assistance (see *William Doyle Galleries, Inc. v Stettner*, 167 AD3d 501, 503 [1st Dept 2018]).

To the extent defendant raises any issue with the pleading of the underlying fraud, we find that the amended complaint adequately pleads the fraud by alleging, among other things, that nonparty hedge funds, Platinum and Beechwood, fraudulently violated the trust investment restrictions by stuffing the trusts with noninvestment grade assets (some that were controlled by Platinum), misrepresented the quality, value, and risk of the investments, and used trust funds to invest in other entities controlled or owned by Platinum and to prop up Platinum's Ponzi scheme (see *In re Platinum-Beechwood Litig.*, 427 F Supp 3d 395 [SD NY 2019]).

The amended complaint adequately alleges defendant's actual knowledge of the fraud based on allegations of conduct and surrounding circumstances from which its knowledge of the fraud may **2 be inferred, which is all that is required at this predisclosure stage (see *DDJ Mgt., LLC v Rhone Group L.L.C.*, 78 AD3d 442, 443 [1st Dept 2010];

Oster v Kirschner, 77 AD3d 51, 55-56 [1st Dept 2010]). With respect to substantial assistance, the allegations in the amended complaint that defendant provided several ratings in assistance of the perpetuation of the underlying fraud that it

knew were false and unwarranted, satisfy the pleading burden as to this element. Finally, we find that the aiding and abetting claim based on allegations that defendant issued credit ratings

it knew were false is not barred by the First Amendment.
Concur—Kapnick, J.P., Webber, Mazzarelli, Oing, JJ.

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Filings (1)

Title	PDF	Court	Date	Type
1. Brief for Defendant-Respondent BANKERS CONSECO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY and Washington National Insurance Company, Plaintiffs- Appellants, v. EGAN-JONES RATINGS COMPANY, Defendant-Respondent. 2020 WL 8879080		N.Y.A.D. 1 Dept.	Sep. 23, 2020	Brief